

BOMBYX network : from Pelagos to PSSA Intelligent real-time listening sonobuoys for whale-ship collision mitigation & environmental awareness

Chair IA intelligent listening AID DGA ANR <u>http://bioacoustics.lis-lab.fr</u> GIAS MARITTIMO FEDER - Région Sud

> Glotin Hervé, CNRS LIS Univ Toulon, & DYNI team <u>glotin@univ-tln.fr</u>



Fondo Europeo di Sviluppo Regionale







Historic of BOMBYX : 2015-2018

The first long term stereo Monitoring of Sperm Whales



DYNI LIS CNRS in coll. with MIO and PNPC, Glotin 2012-2019

http://sabiod.lis-lab.fr/pub/BOMBYX/

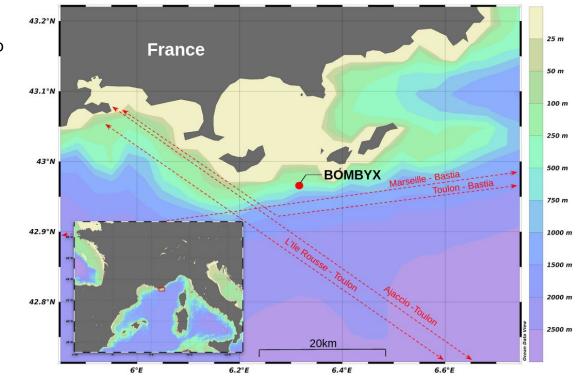
http://glotin.univ-tln.fr/BOMBYX/

The BOMBYX 2015-2018

- Bombyx station, stereophonic
- 25 of depth
- Env 2700 hours of recordings, stereo
- Detection of sperm whales clics on Bombyx

Surface

- Data for future training



2000m

accepted in Nature, Scientific Report, Poupard,... Glotin, 2021

Bombyx 1

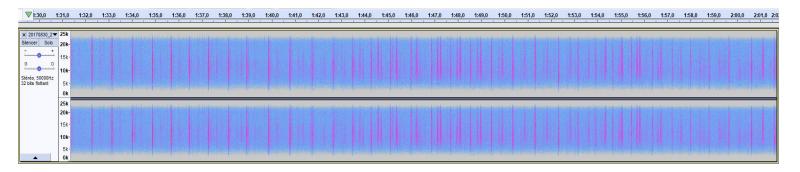
Data:

- Sparse recording from 2014 to 2018
- 2 channels (2 meters wide)
- 50kHz
- 25m deep hydrophones
- No annotation

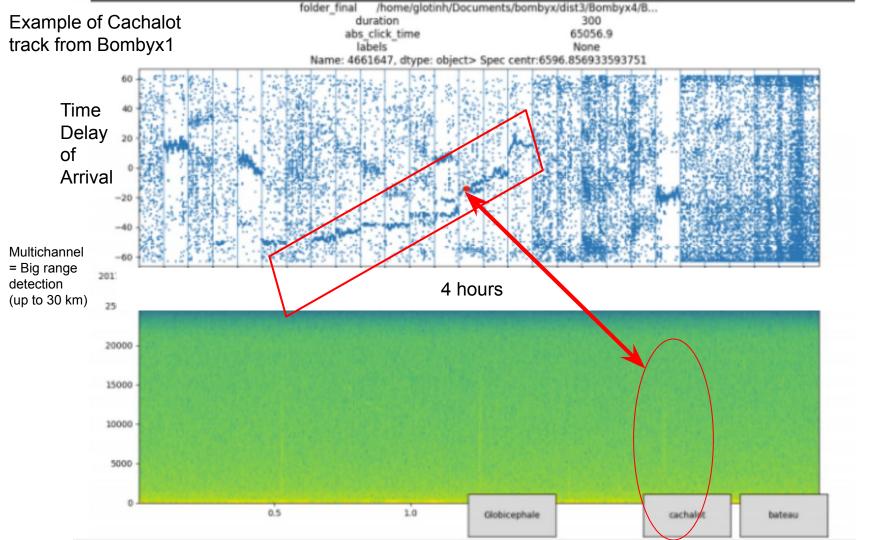
Objective :

• Noise robust sperm whale and fin whale detections

1) STEREO CHANNEL ALLOW robust detection and counting of individual Physeters m.

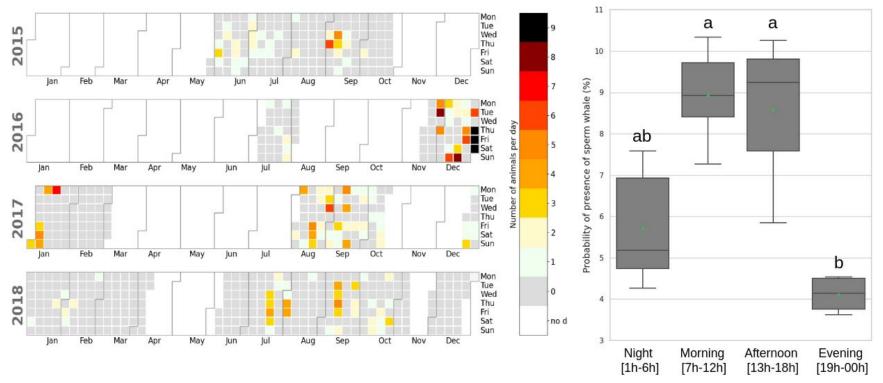






Count of Sperm whales on BOMBYX 2015-2018

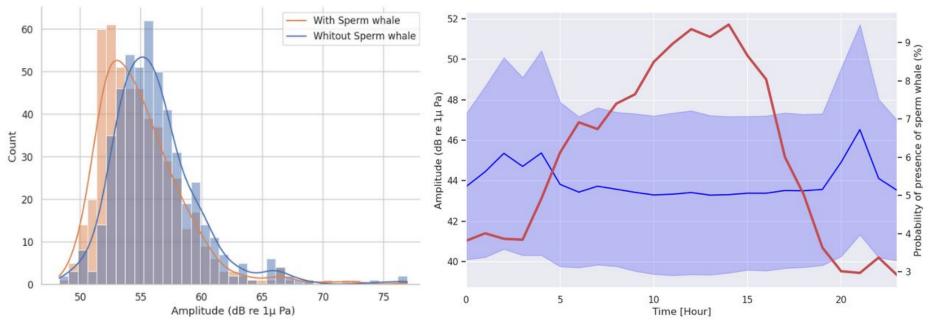
Sperm whale acoustic detection and background noise



Left: Number of detected sperm whales per day during the 4 years of recordings (white region: no recording). Right: Mean of the probability of presence for each period of the day. Accepted in Nature, Scientific Report, Poupard et al 2022

The BOMBYX 2015-2018

Sperm whale acoustic detection and background noise

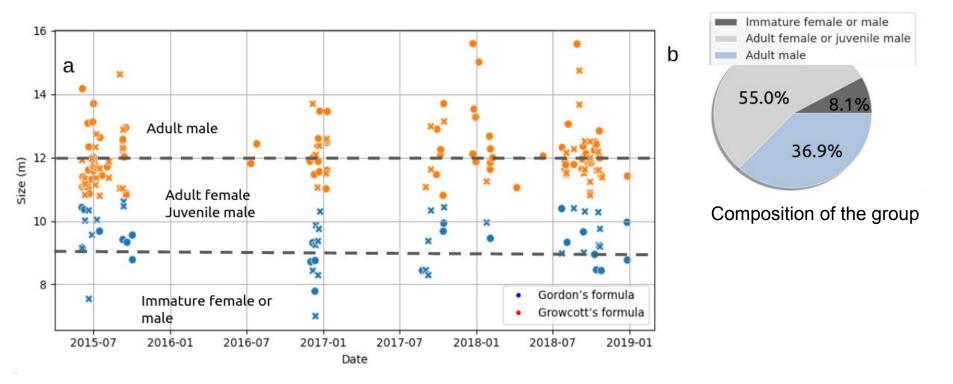


(Left) Distribution of the amplitude for the octave 12800 Hz according to presence/absence of sperm whales. (Right) Superposition of dial pattern of amplitudes for the octave 12800 Hz and probability of presence of sperm whales.

7

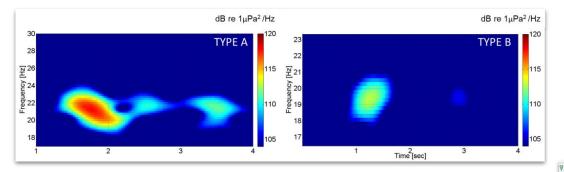
The BOMBYX 2015-2018

Sperm whale Interpulse Interval (IPI) and size measurement



Sperm whales density: density of sperm whales in the area was 1.69 whales/1,000 km2 8 Accepted in Nature, Scientific Report, Poupard et al 2022

2) Fin whale pulse detection (low frequency)



Monitoring fin whale (Balaenoptera physalus) acoustic presence by means of a low frequency seismic hydrophone in Western Ionian Sea -EMSO site. Gianni Pavan

- Low centroid frequency
- Bandwidth : 5-7Hz
- Length : 1sec
- Periodicity : 15-40sec

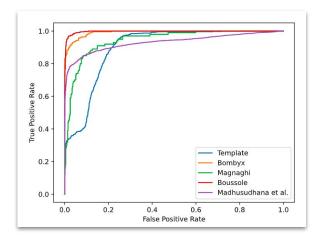


 XAMUT
 5

 Image: Amount of the second of the secon

Sample from sonobuoy Boussole 2009 dataset

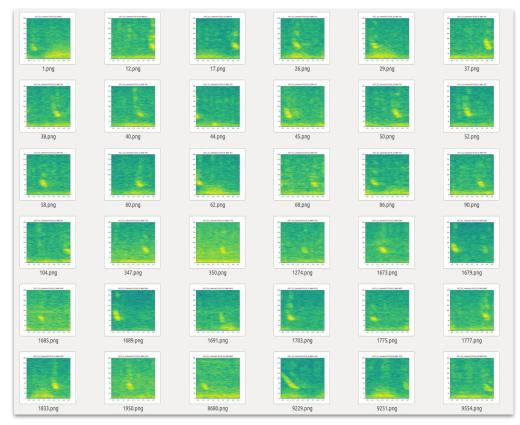
Low Frequency event classification : Deep learning Fin whale pulse detection



- Sampling frequency = 200Hz
- STFT (winsize=256, hopsize=16)
- Mel (128 features from 0 to 100Hz)
- Log
- Conv 128 512
- Conv 512 512
- Conv 512 1
- MaxPool

Conv = *batch norm*, *depthwise conv*, *dropout*, *Relu*

Sample of high predictions over Chilian dataset (rec. Patris, Malige, Glotin 2017, Chanaral, Humbold loop...)



Best et al 2021

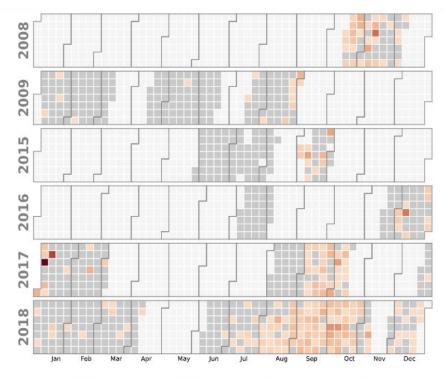


Figure 2. Calendar of the recorded days (grey cells). Shades of red denote the number of detected sequences normalized by the number of recorded hours (ranging from 0 to 8).

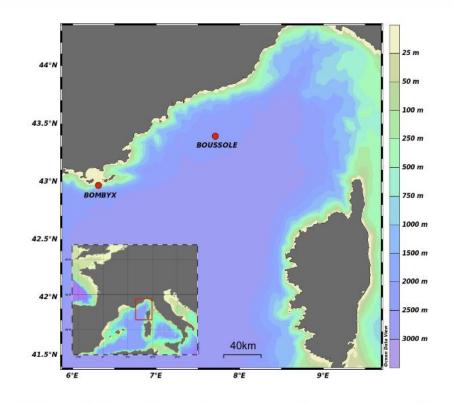


Figure 3. Map showing the two recording stations used in the analysis. This map was made using Ocean Data View²⁹.

Temporal evolution of the Mediterranean fin whale songs on BOMBYX1

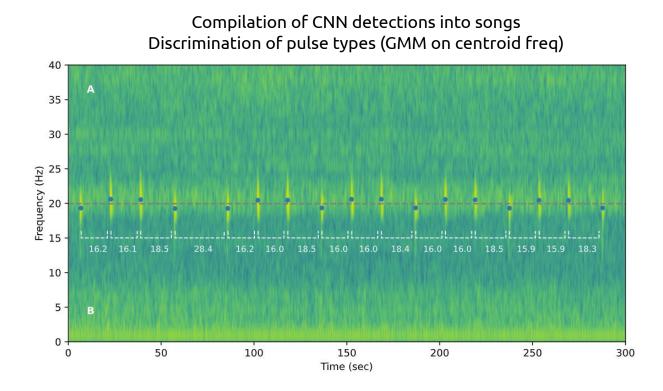
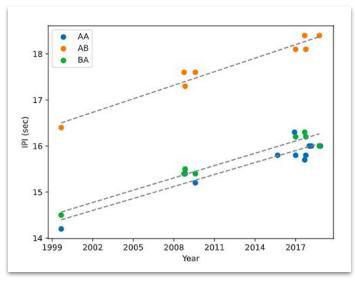


Figure 1. Spectrogram of a fin whale pulse sequence recorded by the Bombyx buoy in October 2018. Spectrogram parameters are described in section 2.7. Dots show the centroid frequencies of the detected pulses, with white dashed lines showing the IPIs. The grey dashed line denotes the discrimination threshold between type A and B pulses, at 19.9Hz.

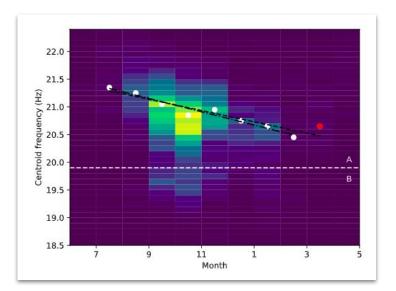
[submitted Scientific Report Best et al.]

Temporal evolution of Mediterranean fin whale pulses

Result of Fin whale on Bombyx1 from 2015 to 2018, IPI and frequency analyses



Yearly increase of the stereotypical IPIs by 0.1sec/year



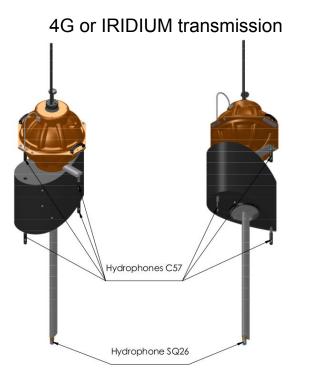
Seasonal decrease of the centroid frequency by 0.1Hz/month

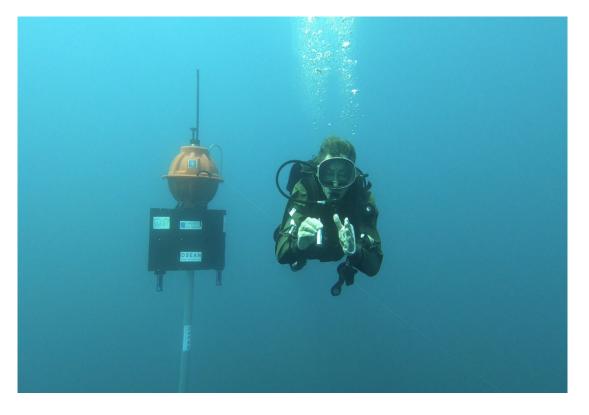
<u>Putting all together =</u>

BOMBYX 2

low power AI real-time alert for Pm and Bp protection

BOMBYX2





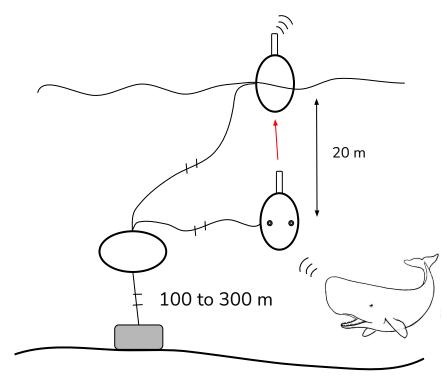
5 hydrophones intelligent listening

GIAS MARITTIMO Glotin et al 2018-2021, coll OSEAN, SMIoT

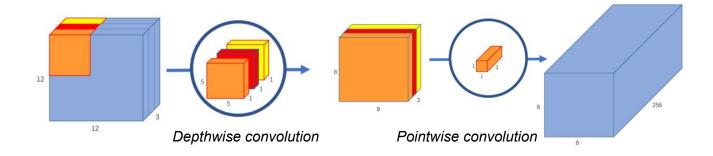
Application to Online AI Bombyx 2

4G emission to LIS, PELAGOS, PREMAR, REPCET

- To be placed in 2022
 - South of Port-Cros Island and Cape Corsica
- Floatability variation system
 - 20m deep recording and surface 4G communications
- Alert system for sperm whale and fin whale presence
 - Mitigate ship strikes risk
- 5 hydrophones
 - Azimuth and distance estimation
- Battery powered (approx. 6 month)
- PIC32-Mz microprocessor



Embedded AI Depthwise separable convolution, decimated CNN



Conv : 5 x 5 x 3 x 256 DW Conv : 5 x 5 x 3 + 3 x 256

	# parameters	# mutliplications
Traditional	272 x10 ³	309 x10 ⁶
Depthwise	11 x10 ³	13 x10 ⁶

- Conv 64 512
- Conv 512 512
- Conv 512 1

L. Bai, Y. Zhao and X. Huang, "A CNN Accelerator on FPGA Using Depthwise Separable Convolution," in *IEEE Transactions on Circuits and Systems II: Express Briefs*, vol. 65, no. 10, pp. 1415-1419, Oct. 2018, doi: 10.1109/TCSII.2018.2865896.

Embeded AI Into Low power micro-processor (PIC)

Analyse pour 5 secondes de signal

	Fin Whale	Sperm Whale
Sampling rate	200 Hz	50 kHz
Spectrogram size	128 x 46	64 x 974
Spectrogram computation time	0.2 sec	4.5 sec
Forward pass time	0.5 sec	2.1 sec



PIC 32MZ by Microchip

Bombyx 2 Low complexity CNNs

	params type	# params	poids params	# mutliplications
Depthwise	float32	11K	54Ко	13 M
Quantized	int8	272K	1.1Mo	309 M

- Sampling frequency = 50kHz
- STFT (winsize=512, hopsize=256)
- Mel (64 features from 2 to 25kHz)
- Log
- Conv 64 64
- Conv 64 64
- Conv 64 1
- MaxPool

Conv = batch norm, depthwise conv, dropout, Relu Valid AUC = 93 %

Sperm whale binary classifier

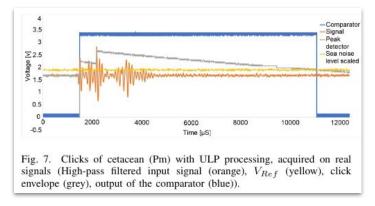
- Sampling frequency = 200Hz
- STFT (winsize=256, hopsize=16)
- Mel (128 features from 0 to 100Hz)
- Log
- Conv 128 512
- Conv 512 512
- Conv 512 1
- MaxPool

Conv = batch norm, depthwise conv, dropout, Relu Valid AUC = 90 %

Fin whale binary classifier

Embeded AI Bombyx2 - Analog wake-up

- Background noise estimation
- >8kHz Energy thresholding
- State Machine consistency validation
- 75% AUC on Bombyx 1
- Ultra low power **12.5µA**



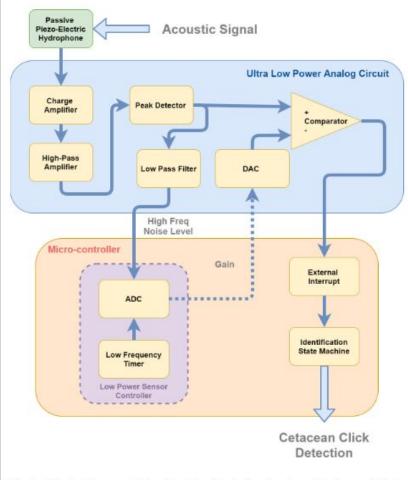


Fig. 4. Block diagram of the detector of a train of pulses of a Sperm Whale.

S. Marzetti, V. Gies, V Barchasz, P. Best, S. Paris, H. Barthelemy, H. Glotin (2020), Ultra-Low Power Wake-Up for Long-Term Biodiversity Monitoring, in proc. IEEE IoTAIS

Validation o Bombyx 2

Accomplished :

- Hyper-parameter search / optimization for the low power analog detector
- Training of low complexity (11k params) CNN for sperm whale detection (0.92 valid AUC), using data from Bombyx 1
- Gathering of a multi-source dataset of fin whale calls Iteratively
- Training of low complexity CNN for fin whale detection
- Implementation of the forward pass in C embedded in the buoy

VIDEOS available at http://sabiod.lis-lab.fr/pub/BOMBYX2/videos/

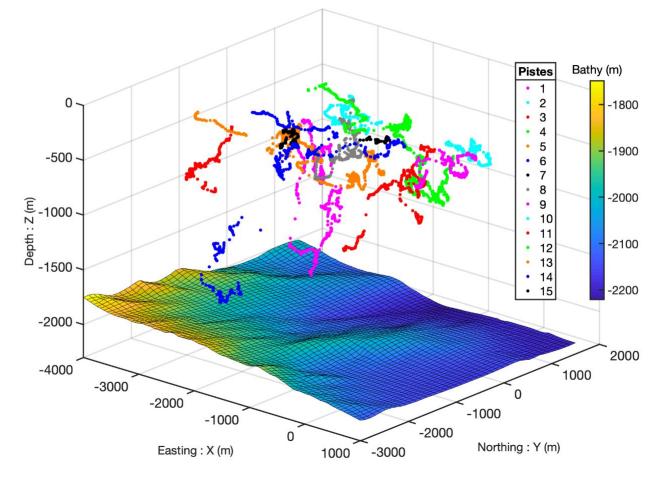
images at http://sabiod.lis-lab.fr/pub/BOMBYX2/

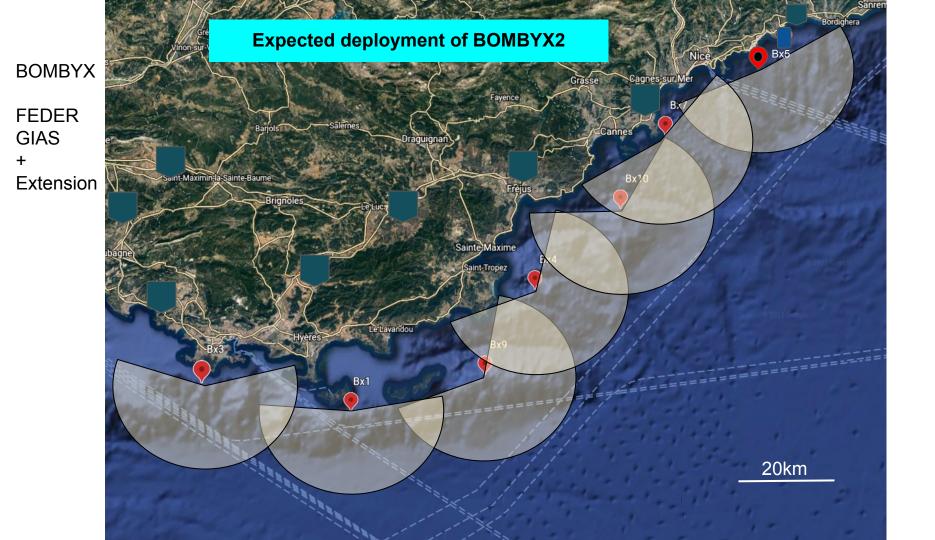
Movie at http://sabiod.lis-lab.fr/media/13h15.le.samedi.Fr2.20210619.mp4

BOMBYX2 allows 3D tracking at large scale

Figure : using the same antenna, fixed on Sphyrna result of a collaborative hunting of 6 Sperm Whales South of Monaco, 3 km away during 5 hours

[Glotin et al 2021, Sphyrna report, Monaco Explorations, FPA2, CNRS]





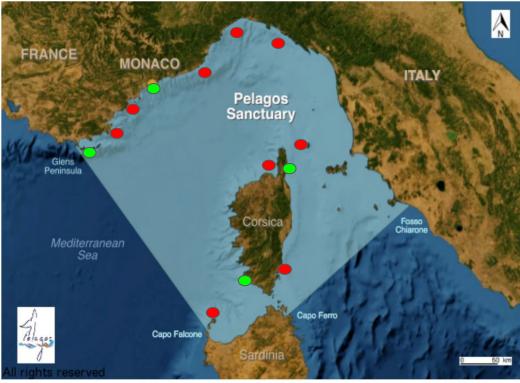
GIAS + extensions



Proposed Bombyx deployment in Pelagos in end 2024

 GIAS FEDER + UTLN in deployment 2021-2022

Other deploy. 2023-2024 (4 IT + 3 FR)



Perspectives : Bombyx deployment in Pelagos (2022-24) and PSSA ?

5 years RT listening in PSSA ZMPV

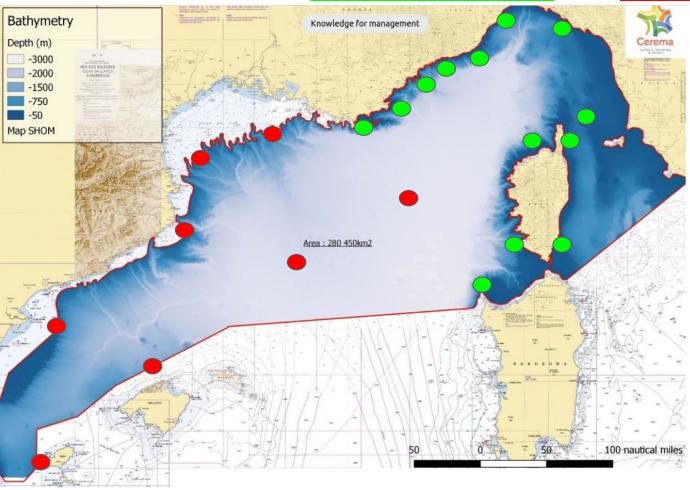
budget ~ 600 K€

Open to collaborations

Contact :

glotin@univ-tln.fr

PI Chair Artificial Intelligence for SubSea Listening



Estimation of the budget / projects

cost : 10 BOMBYX sonobuoys including 6 years of run is ~= 650 K€

2 are already paid via GIAS FEDER MARITIMO (UTLN, LAMLA IT) 2017-2022, coPi Glotin
2 are already paid via PACA APOG ETHAC 2022-2024
1 is requested in LIFE BIODIVERSA (in review) (UTLN and Norway)
2 requested by CPER UTLN, some others into PIA4 UTLN (in review)
We ask a budget to place 10 others in 2023-2025 = 650 K€ to complete

Partners

DYNI LIS CNRS

- Bombyx equipment
- IA algorithms for acoustic data recognition and 3D animal location estimates to feed an alerting system
- System management
- data analysis and interpretation

CIBRA Univ Pavia

- data analysis to join acoustic and visual data, scientific publications in cooperation with Tethys
- studies on whale spatial distribution and size across Italy / France boundaries
- data validation
- education and training
- data dissemination
- connection with the strandings data bank

Partners

Deployment, usage, maintenance of the LIFE BOMBYX observatory =

Coast Guard IT

- institutional support (permits, interface with local authorities, interface with ministry of environment, public communication)
- logistic support with boats and divers, access to forbidden areas
- interface with gov. institutions and NGOs for cetacean protection
- distribution of anti-collision alerts
- eventually to be discussed aerial support with drones

National Park of Cap Corse FR

- logistic support with boats and divers, access to restricted areas
- interface with gov. institutions and NGOs for cetacean protection
- distribution of anti-collision alerts around Corsica, center of PELAGOS

Tethys ONG IT

- local surveys in and outside the BOMBYX range for data validation and for integrating acoustic data with photo-id and eco/behavioural data
- logistic support with Tethys boat
- data processing and distribution
- public awareness and data dissemination

Centre d'Études et de Recherche sur les Contentieux - CERC Toulon

Legislation, laws on noise at sea